## Pupil premium strategy statement 2024-2027

## Wingrove Primary School



This statement details our school's use of pupil premium funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the outcomes for disadvantaged pupils last academic year.

#### **School overview**

Detail	Data
School Name	Wingrove Primary School
Number of pupils in school	472 including Nursery (52)
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	41.6%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3-year plans are recommended – you must still publish an updated statement each academic year)	2024-2027
Date this statement was published	December 2024
Date on which it will be reviewed	November 2025
Statement authorised by	Full Governing Body
Pupil premium lead	Jane Mullarkey
Governor / Trustee lead	Anne Laws

#### **Funding overview**

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£257,520
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
Total budget for this academic year	
If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	£257,520

# Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

#### Statement of intent

Our intention is that all pupils, irrespective of their background or the challenges they face, make good progress and achieve high attainment across all subject areas. The focus of our pupil premium strategy is to support disadvantaged pupils to achieve that goal, including progress for those who are already high attainers.

We will consider the challenges faced by vulnerable pupils, such as those who have a social worker and young carers. The activity we have outlined in this statement is also intended to support their needs, regardless of whether they are disadvantaged or not.

Quality First Teaching is at the heart of our approach, with a focus on areas in which disadvantaged pupils require the most support. This is proven to have the greatest impact on closing the disadvantage attainment gap and at the same time will benefit the non-disadvantaged pupils in our school. Implicit in the intended outcomes detailed below, is the intention that non-disadvantaged pupils' attainment will be sustained and improved alongside progress for their disadvantaged peers.

Our strategy is also integral to wider school plans for education recovery. For example, we have created three smaller classes for all of our Y6 pupils to support them with their SATs at the end of the year.

Our approach will be responsive to common challenges and individual needs, rooted in robust diagnostic assessment, not assumptions about the impact of disadvantage. The approaches we have adopted complement each other to help pupils excel. To ensure they are effective we will:

- ensure disadvantaged pupils are challenged in the work that they are set;
- act early to intervene at the point need is identified;
- adopt a whole school approach in which all staff take responsibility for disadvantaged pupils' outcomes and raise expectations of what they can achieve;
- ensure the key principle of our strategy is to provide quality first teaching for all children.

# Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Assessments, observations, and discussions with pupils indicate underdeveloped oral language skills and vocabulary gaps among many disadvantaged pupils. These are evident from Reception through to KS2 and in general, are more prevalent among our disadvantaged pupils than their peers.
2	Speech and language delay on entry. Impoverished language, limited vocabulary, English not always the first language. Affects writing outcomes particularly.
3	Limited access to resources and experiences to develop cultural capital. This is assessed through observations and discussions.
4	Many parents require support to help their children with learning.
5	A significant proportion of children with SEND needs. The national figure is 13.6% whilst ours is 21%, and we have 28 children in receipt of or awaiting an EHCP and a significant proportion are also pupil premium, 41.6%.
6	Nationally, attendance rates for pupils eligible for PP are low compared to non-PP pupils. This reduces their school hours and causes them to fall behind. A huge amount of resource is needed to ensure our attendance is above average, but last year it was reduced to 94% (national expectation is 96%+).

#### Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Progress in communication and language Achievement for majority of pupils in line with ARE	*All children can communicate effectively at an age appropriate level and understand a wealth of vocabulary relevant to their learning. *Children demonstrate very good oracy skills and can communicate with confidence.
Progress in writing Achievement for majority of pupils in line with ARE	*All disadvantaged children can access and make sense of the curriculum through a well-planned curriculum offer and quality first teaching.

No gap between PP and non-PP children All pupils achieve in line with national average	*Progress across the curriculum is good or better, from their starting points, for disadvantaged children. *Increased % for disadvantaged children in meeting national expectations at the end of EYFS, Phonics and KS2. *Children who have been identified as both PP and SEND make strong progress and are fully prepared for the next stage in their education.
All pupils make strong progress and achieve above average progress Improved attendance At least 96% attendance, low PA	*Disadvantaged children improve their attendance so that their attendance is in line with non-disadvantaged children nationally. *Persistent Absentees continues to decrease for PP and PP&SEND. *Parental engagement increases to raise the profile of the importance of education.
Children are safe, happy, healthy (both physically and mentally) to enable them to become confident learners. They develop positive relationships and learn to manage their emotions to overcome challenging situations.	*Progress is good or better, from the child's starting point, across the curriculum for all disadvantaged children. *Disadvantaged children fully engage in school life and are happy, confident and independent learners. *All children are fully prepared to transition to the next stage of their school life at the end of the academic year. *Children are happy and positive citizens who impact positively within their environments
Parents feel supported and empowered to support their children	Early intervention: needs identified and addressed

### Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium funding **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

## Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £ 134,208

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Quality First Teaching	"Great teaching is the most important lever schools have to improve pupil attainment."	1,2,3,6

Develop subject	1 High quality tooching   EEE	
Develop subject knowledge and	1. High-quality teaching   EEF	
pedagogy		
All teaching staff given		
release time to work in		
coaching triads to		
support areas for		
development		
Use Lyfta programme –		
as a gateway to the		
world – allowing children to understand		
global issues and		
develop cultural capital		
Training delivered by		
Tom Sherrington		
All staff have access to		
Walk Thrus for CPD		
Introduction of triads		
with support teams for		
CPD		
NDO for all middle		
NPQ for all middle leaders: leading		
teaching, leading		
behaviour and culture,		
leading literacy, leading		
mathematics, senior		
leader, SENCO		
Additional 1:1 staff to		
enable teaching staff to focus on delivery of		
QFT		
Additional staff		
deployed in EYFS to		
support the early		
acquisition of basic		
skills		
Extension of pastoral		
team to focus on		

emotional and social needs of pupils and further work with parents		
Oracy Voice 21 (3 <sup>rd</sup> year on the project – Designing your Curriculum) Full staff external training day with Voice 21 team TLR3 created to lead oracy across the curriculum	Waldfogel and Washbrook's research (2010) found a significant vocabulary gap between children from the wealthiest and poorest families at age 5, with the wealthiest children having a vocabulary that's, on average, around 8 months ahead of their low-income peers. This vocabulary gap can have long- term implications for children's academic achievement and overall development. Another key message that Marc Rowland	1,2,3
Embedding dialogic activities across the curriculum will support children to articulate key ideas, consolidate understanding and extend vocabulary	(working with DfE and Surrey schools) emphasises through his hugely impactful work is that 'the language gap is the disadvantaged gap'. By this Marc means the chasm that exists in vocabulary between the lowest income quintile and the highest – a 27% gap exists at aged five – a challenge that is brought into our schools and a divide then tends to grow. To narrow the gap therefore means to proactively develop speaking and listening skills and to	2,3,6
Children read fluently and foster a love of reading. Effective phonics teaching – Little Wandle – all staff across school trained,	then build on language development. <u>https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/</u> <u>education-evidence/teaching-learning-</u> <u>toolkit/oral-language-interventions</u>	
and TLR introduced for staff to lead on delivery and monitoring progress of the scheme. High quality reading texts across the curriculum	Reading comprehension strategies are high impact on average (+6 month), a crucial component of early reading instruction.	
	https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/ evidence-summaries/teaching-learning- toolkit/phonics/	
	We will ensure consistency and high-quality teaching of phonics across school (Including KS2) based on robust assessments. Ensure explicit teaching of reading using high quality texts.	

# Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support, structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £ 52,610

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
To provide specific tar- geted support to many disadvantaged children across school	We appreciate that targeted interventions have the greatest positive impact if the teaching assistant is trained to deliver.	2,3,5,6
To ensure there are op- portunities to train teach- ing assistants in deliver- ing interventions – use of	We also recognise deploying teaching assistants in classrooms does not neces- sarily ensure positive outcomes.	
professionals in school to support with this eg SALT, OT, EP	Teaching Assistant Interventions   EEF	
TA employed this year to manage all of the SALT specific interventions		
Enhance the Early Years environment to ensure a language rich environment. Staff to have further training in language development	On average, oral language approaches have a high impact on pupil outcomes of 6 months' additional progress. It is important that spoken language activities are matched to learners' current stage of development, so that it extends their learning and connects with the curriculum. Oral language interventions   EEF	1,2,3,5,6
To provide extra time for inclusion manager to work with staff and children to ensure needs are identified early, effective com- munication with par- ents and high- quality interventions are in	'Evidence consistently shows the positive impact that targeted aca- demic support can have, including for those not making good progress across the spectrum of achievement.' <u>2. Targeted academic support   EEF</u>	6
place (Additional support from pastoral lead – to		

run interventions – Lego, Talking and Drawing, Social Skills, Gardening, Dog Squad)
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# Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £ 70,702

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Ensure attendance in- creases, especially for disadvantaged children Pastoral Lead/attend- ance and welfare of- ficer employed Robust systems in place to address poor attendance	There is a clear link between poor at- tendance and lower academic achieve- ment (DFE) <u>The link between attendance and</u> <u>attainment in an assessment year</u>	4,6
Increase parental engagement and support to further support their children – parent weekly coffee morning, parent and toddler weekly sessions – with support from pastoral lead and HLTA and other external professionals eg NAPI	Parental engagement   EEF	2,3,4,5
Continue to develop outdoor play and learning to improve physical and PSHCE development – PE team to support with this	Social and emotional skills are essential for children's development – they sup- port effective learning and are linked to positive outcomes in later life. An out- door area which promotes, resilience, physical development etc will support children in developing these skills. <u>3. Wider strategies   EEF</u>	3,5,6
Breakfast Club and after school clubs/	We provide a range of high-quality clubs, free of charge, to enable disadvantaged children to attend. This is important for them	1,3,5

coaches/enrichment op- portunities linked to cur- riculum Bespoke financial sup- port eg, bus fares, pick up/drop off, food banks, educational visits, resi- dentials (including over- seas), uniform and	to develop a range of skills, socially, emo- tionally and physically. It also gives them the opportunities to experience new activi- ties. Extending school time   EEF Free school breakfast provision   EEF	
vouchers.		

Total budgeted cost: £ 257,520

#### Part B: Review of the previous academic year 2024

#### **Outcomes for disadvantaged pupils**

We have analysed the performance of our school's disadvantaged pupils during the previous academic year, drawing on national assessment data and our own internal summative and formative assessments. To help us gauge the performance of our disadvantaged pupils we compared their results to those for disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils at national and local level (though these comparisons are to be considered with caution given ongoing pandemic impacts, particularly for pupils in Years 4, 5 and 6 who had the most disruption) and to results achieved by our non-disadvantaged pupils.

## EYFS – GLD Outcomes

Below are the outcomes for disadvantaged pupils in EYFS at the end of Reception 2024

	C	Disadvantaged Pupils: Disadvanta				All Pupils				
	School	LA		NCER Natio	nal	School	LA	NCER Natio	nal	
Eligible Cohort <sup>1</sup>	12	813		94,350		58	3,081	602,310		
Indicator	Value	Gap	Value	Gap	Value	Gap Valu	e Gap Valu	e Gap	Value	
Good level of development <sup>2</sup>	41.7%	-11.6%	53.3%	-10.0%	51.7%	-10.0% 51.79	<b>65.69</b>	6 -26.0%	67.7%	
Average no. ELGs at expected level	12.8	+0.2	12.6	+0.4	12.4	+0.2 12.	<b>5</b> -1.0 13.	3 -1.3	14.1	
All: At least expected	41.7%	-10.3%	52.0%	-8.4%	50.1%	-8.3% 50.09	64.39	6 -24.6%	66.3%	
Prime: At least expected	50.0%	-13.5%	63.5%	-11.9%	61.9%	-8.6% 58.6%	6 -23.4% <b>73.4</b> %	6 -24.9%	74.9%	
COM: At least expected ●	50.0%	-19.7%	69.7%	-18.5%	68.5%	-10.3% 60.39	6 -27.9% 77.99	6 -29.3%	79.3%	
PSE: At least expected ●	100.0%	+23.2%	76.8%	+26.9%	73.1%	+13.8% 86.29	<b>*</b> 16.6% <b>83.4</b> 9	6 +17.1%	82.9%	
PHY: At least expected ●	91.7%	+13.6%	78.1%	+16.4%	75.3%	+8.9% 82.89	6 +7.7% 84.09	+6.9%	84.8%	
Specific: At least expected	41.7%	-11.6%	53.3%	-9.7%	51.4%	-8.3% 50.09	65.69	6 -25.8%	67.5%	
LIT: At least expected ●	41.7%	-13.4%	55.1%	-12.4%	54.1%	-10.0% 51.79	67.59	6 -28.3%	70.0%	
MAT: At least expected ●	66.7%	+1.8%	64.9%	+3.6%	63.1%	-0.5% 67.29	6 -8.5% 75.29	6 -10.4%	77.1%	
UTW: At least expected	66.7%	-2.8%	69.5%	-1.9%	68.6%	-0.5% 67.2%	<b>6</b> -11.7% 78.49	6 -13.3%	80.0%	
EXP: At least expected	100.0%	+22.5%	77.5%	+23.9%	76.1%	+15.5% 84.5%	6 +15.6% 84.4 <u>9</u>	6 +15.3%	84.7%	

Wingrove Primary School (2960)

Wingrove Primary School (2960)											
	Dis	advantaged	l Pupils: Not D	Disadvantag	ed			AI	l Pupils		
	School	- I	LA	NCER I	National	:	School		LA	NCER	National
Eligible Cohort <sup>1</sup>	46	2,	,254	49	3,420		58		3,081	60	2,310
Indicator	Value	Gap	Value	Gap	Value	Gap	Value	Gap	Value	Gap	Value
Good level of development <sup>2</sup>	54.3%	-15.6%	69.9%	-16.3%	70.6%	+2.6%	51.7%	-11.3%	65.6%	-13.4%	67.79
Average no. ELGs at expected level	12.6	-1.7	14.3	-1.8	14.4	+0.0	12.6	-1.2	13.8	-1.5	14.
All: At least expected	52.2%	-16.5%	68.7%	-17.0%	69.2%	+2.2%	50.0%	-12.1%	64.3%	-14.1%	66.39
Prime: At least expected	60.9%	-16.0%	76.9%	-16.4%	77.3%	+2.3%	58.6%	-12.5%	73.4%	-14.0%	74.99
COM: At least expected ●	63.0%	-17.7%	80.7%	-18.4%	81.4%	+2.7%	60.3%	-14.9%	77.9%	-16.3%	79.39
PSE: At least expected ●	82.6%	-3.2%	85.8%	-2.1%	84.7%	-3.6%	86.2%	-0.8%	83.4%	-0.3%	82.99
PHY: At least expected •	80.4%	-5.7%	86.1%	-6.1%	86.5%	- <b>2.</b> 4%	82.8%	-3.6%	84.0%	-4.4%	84.89
Specific: At least expected	52.2%	-17.8%	70.0%	-18.3%	70.5%	+2.2%	50.0%	-13.4%	65.6%	-15.3%	67.5
LIT: At least expected ●	54.3%	-17.6%	71.9%	-18.7%	73.0%	+2.6%	51.7%	-13.2%	67.5%	-15.7%	70.09
MAT: At least expected ●	67.4%	-11.4%	78.8%	-12.2%	79.6%	+0.2%	67.2%	-7.8%	75.2%	-9.7%	77.19
UTW: At least expected	67.4%	-14.1%	81.5%	-14.7%	82.1%	+0.2%	67.2%	-11.0%	78.4%	-12.6%	80.09
EXP: At least expected	80.4%	-6.4%	86.8%	-5.9%	86.3%	-4.1%	84.5%	-4.0%	84.4%	-4.3%	84.79

The first table above displays the outcomes for all the pupils who are eligible for FSM in Reception (12). The second table shows all pupils who are not disadvantaged (46). There is a 10% difference between our FSM eligible group and the Newcastle and National figures. The outcomes were further analysed and there is a close correlation between the pupils entitled to FSM and those identified with SEND.

# Y1 Phonics

Below is the table showing the outcomes pupil groups achieving 32+ result in the phonics test. We have drawn comparisons with National outcomes.

		Phonics	year 1 attainment by pupil group					
Breakdown	Cohort	Number absent / didn't take the check	Number not achieving the expected standard	Number achieving expected standard	School %	National %	Averag	e mark
			-	-			School	Nation
All pupils	58	2	19	37	64	80	29	3
Male	34	0	15	19	56	77	26	3
Female	24	2	4	18	75	84	33	3
Disadvantaged	21	0	9	12	57	68	27	3
Ever 6 FSM	0	0	0	0	N/A	84	N/A	3
Children looked after	0	0	0	0	N/A	80	N/A	3
Other	37	2	10	25	68	84	30	3
SEN EHCP	1	1	0	0	0	20	N/A	1
SEN support	14	0	8	6	43	52	23	2
No SEN	42	1	10	31	74	88	31	3
English first language	12	0	4	8	67	81	30	3
English additional language	41	1	13	27	66	80	29	3

The gap between Wingrove FSM and non FSM pupils for phonics outcomes is 7%, compared to the LA and NCER gaps of 15%. The outcomes for both groups differ from the LA and NCER outcomes, however, the gap between the two groups at Wingrove is not significant. EAL and SEND affect the outcomes for all pupils.

# Y4 Multiplication Tables Check (MTC)

Г	SM	NF	SM	Diff	erence
Wingrove	National	Wingrove	National	Wingrove	National
19.6	18.8	21.4	20.7	1.8	1.9

The outcomes for MTC show that they are above national for both FSM and NFSM. The gap between them is broadly in line with national norms.

## **KS2 Y6 Outcomes**

#### **Contextual Picture**

Below is the context for Wingrove compared to NCER:

CONTEXT	•	imary School 160)	Local Authority T	y - Newcastl Tyne	e upon		NCER National	
ltem	Value	Cov.	Value	Gap	Cov.	Value	Gap	Cov.
Cohort	57	-	3,279	n/a	-	642,750	n/a	-
Sex (Male)	54.4%	100.0%	51.0%	+3.4%	100.0%	51.0%	+3.4%	100.0%
SEN Support	15.8%	100.0%	17.0%	-1.2%	100.0%	16.1%	-0.3%	100.0%
EHCP/Statement	3.5%	100.0%	5.6%	-2.1%	100.0%	5.3%	-1.8%	100.0%
Ethnicity (BME)	87.7%	100.0%	31.9%	+55.8%	100.0%	28.9%	+58.8%	100.0%
Language (EAL)	71.9%	100.0%	27.5%	+44.4%	100.0%	22.3%	+49.6%	100.0%
Disadvantaged	59.6%	100.0%	45.2%	+14.4%	99.5%	30.3%	+29.3%	99.0%

The disadvantaged and EAL groups at Wingrove are significantly higher than both local and National figures.

Below the table shows the outcomes for the Y6 data

# **Reading Progress and Attainment by Pupil Group**

Breakdown			Re	ading attainm	ent		
	Cohort		Achieving the expected standard Achieving a higher standard			Average score	
		School %	National %	School %	National %	School	National
All pupils	57	68	74	25	29	104.7	105.2
Male	31	71	71	35	25	106.1	104.5
Female	26	65	78	12	32	103.2	105.9
Disadvantaged	36	64	80	19	33	103.4	106.2
Other	21	76	80	33	33	106.9	106.2
SEN EHCP	2	0	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A
SEN support	9	0	N/A	0	N/A	92.4	N/A
No SEN	45	87	83	31	34	107.2	106.5
Non-mobile	51	69	76	25	30	104.8	105.4
English first language	11	82	N/A	36	N/A	109.6	N/A
English additional language	41	63	N/A	22	N/A	103.8	N/A

# Writing Progress and Attainment by Pupil Group

Breakdown		Writing attainment								
	Cohort	Achieved the ex	pected standard	Achieved a greater depth						
		School %	National %	School %	National %					
All pupils	57	67	72	11	13					
Male	31	77	65	13	10					
Female	26	54	78	8	16					
Disadvantaged	36	61	78	3	16					
Other	21	76	78	24	16					
SEN EHCP	2	0	N/A	0	N/A					
SEN support	9	22	N/A	0	N/A					
No SEN	45	80	83	13	16					
Non-mobile	51	67	73	12	13					
English first language	11	73	N/A	18	N/A					
English additional language	41	63	N/A	10	N/A					

# Maths Progress and Attainment by Pupil Group

Breakdown		Maths attainment									
	Cohort	Achieving the ex	xpected standard	Achieving a hi	gher standard	Avera	ge score				
		School %	National %	School %	National %	School	National				
All pupils	57	67	73	26	24	104.4	104.4				
Male	31	77	74	39	27	106.8	104.9				
Female	26	54	73	12	21	101.5	103.8				
Disadvantaged	36	61	79	11	29	102.4	105.6				
Other	21	76	79	52	29	107.6	105.6				
SEN EHCP	2	0	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A				
SEN support	9	22	N/A	0	N/A	95.4	N/A				
No SEN	45	80	83	33	28	106.0	105.7				
Non-mobile	51	65	74	27	25	104.5	104.5				
English first language	11	73	N/A	45	N/A	108.0	N/A				
English additional language	41	66	N/A	22	N/A	103.8	N/A				

# Reading Writing and Maths Combined Attainment by Pupil Group

Breakdown	Cohort	Achieving the expect	cted standard or higher	Achieving at a l	higher standard
		School %	National %	School %	National %
All pupils	57	54	61	9	8
Male	31	65	57	13	6
Female	26	42	64	4	9
Disadvantaged	36	44	67	3	10
Other	21	71	67	19	10
SEN EHCP	2	0	N/A	0	N/A
SEN support	9	0	N/A	0	N/A
No SEN	45	69	71	11	9
Non-mobile	51	55	62	10	8
English first language	11	73	N/A	18	N/A
English additional language	41	49	N/A	7	N/A

# Externally provided programmes

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you used your pupil premium to fund in the previous academic year.

Programme	Provider
Voice 21 – 3 year programme – funded by PP for Y1 and Y2, funded by NECA for Y3. TLR funded by PP	Voice 21
Mastering Number	NCETM